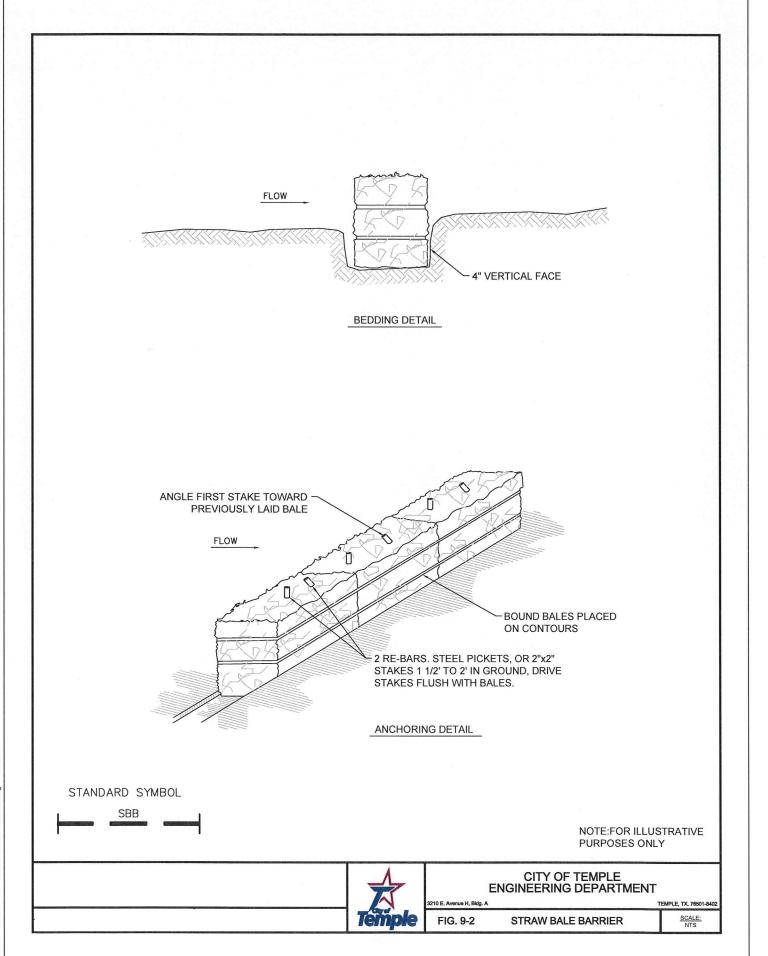
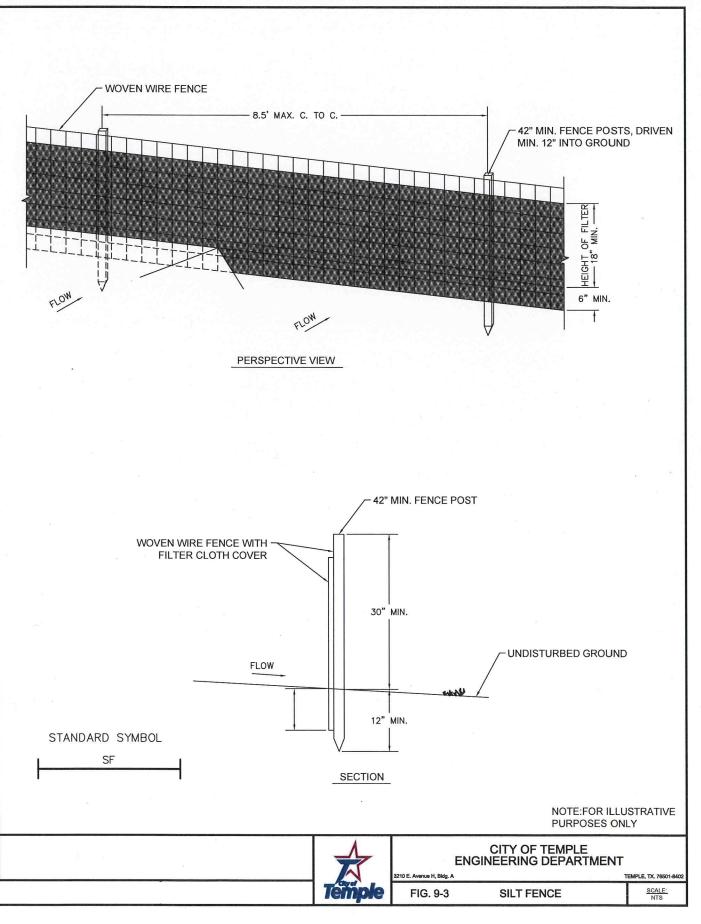
NOTE:FOR ILLUSTRATIVE **PURPOSES ONLY**

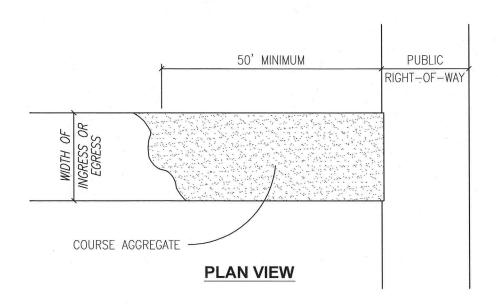


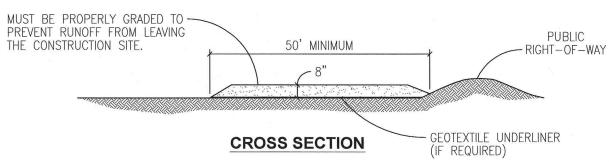
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STANDARD SYMBOLS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FIG. 9-1









INSTALLATION:

CLEAR THE AREA OF DEBRIS, ROCKS OR PLANTS THAT WILL INTERFERE WITH INSTALLATION. GRADE THE AREA FOR THE ENTRANCE TO FLOW BACK ON TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. RUNOFF FROM THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE ONTO A PUBLIC STREET WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

PLACE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC IF REQUIRED.

PLACE ROCK AS REQUIRED.

ROCK SIZE - 3 TO 5 INCHES OPEN GRADED ROCK.

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

NOT TO SCALE

NOTE:FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY

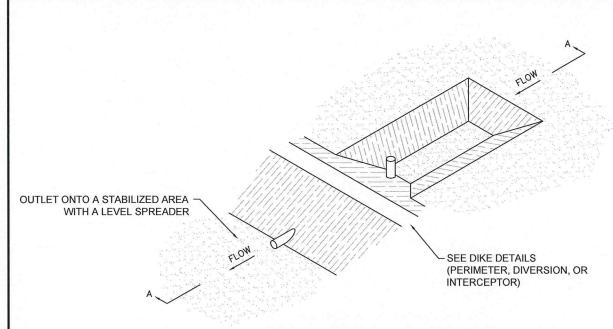


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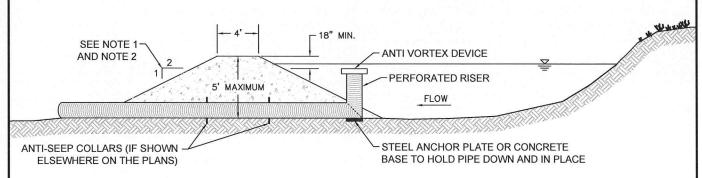
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FIG. 9-4 STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE



SEDIMENT BASIN AND/OR TRAP WITH PIPE OUTLET



SECTION A - A

SEDIMENT BASIN USAGE GUIDELINES

A SEDIMENT BASIN MAY BE USED TO PRECIPITATE SEDIMENT OUT OF RUNOFF DRAINING FROM AN UNSTABILIZED AREA.

BASINS: THE DRAINAGE AREA FOR A SEDIMENT BASIN SHOULD NOT EXCEED 100 ACRES. THE BASIN CAPACITY SHALL BE AT LEAST 1800 CF/ACRE OF DRAINAGE AREA (0.5" OVER THE DRAINAGE AREA).

THE BASIN SHOULD HAVE A 40 HOUR DRAW-DOWN TIME WITH AN EMERGENCY SPILLWAY. THE SPILLWAY MAY BE DESIGNED TO PASS THE PEAK RATE OF RUNOFF FROM A 25 YEAR FREQUENCY STORM. THE 100 YEAR STORM SHOULD BE INVESTIGATED TO CONSIDER POSSIBLE FLOODING IMPACTS.

THE ENTRANCE INTO THE BASIN SHOULD BE PROTECTED FROM EROSION. THE BASIN SHOULD BE CLEANED WHEN THE CAPACITY HAS BEEN REDUCED BY 1/3.

ADDITIONAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- 1. SIDE SLOPES WITHIN THE SAFETY CLEAR ZONE OF A ROADWAY SHALL BE 6:1 OR FLATTER. PROTECT THE TRAVELING PUBLIC FROM INLET STACKS WITHIN THE CLEAR ZONE.
- 2. SEDIMENT BASINS SHALL HAVE SIDE SLOPES OF 3:1 OR FLATTER.

NOTE:FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY



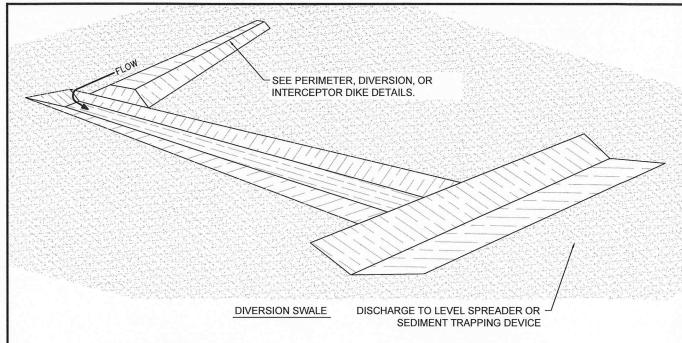
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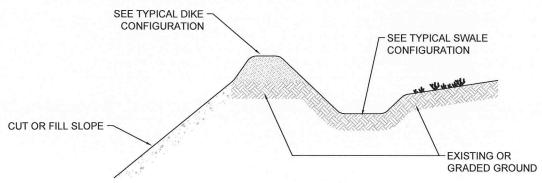
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FIG. 9-5

SEDIMENT BASIN





DIVERSION DIKE WITH SWALE

SWALE AND DIKE/SWALE USAGE GUIDELINES

A SWALE OR DIKE/SWALE MAY BE USED TO INTERCEPT RUNOFF AND DIVERT IT AROUND UNSTABILIZED AREAS OR TO DIVERT SEDIMENT LADEN RUNOFF TO AN EROSION CONTROL DEVICE (SEDIMENT BASIN OR ROCK TRAP, ROCK FILTER DAM, ETC.).

THE DRAINAGE AREA CONTRIBUTING RUNOFF TO A SWALE OR DIKE/SWALE SHOULD NOT EXCEED 5 ACRES. THE SPACING OF SWALES AND DIKE/SWALES SHOULD BE AS FOLLOWS:

SLOPE OF DISTURBED AREAS ABOVE DIKE

GREATER

THAN 10%

LESS 5 - 10% THAN 5%

MAXIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN DIKES

100'

200'

300'

INTERCEPTED RUNOFF FLOWING IN A SWALE OR DIKE/SWALE SHOULD OUTLET TO A STABILIZED AREA (VEGETATION, ROCK, ECT.).

NOTE:FOR ILLUSTRATIVE **PURPOSES ONLY**



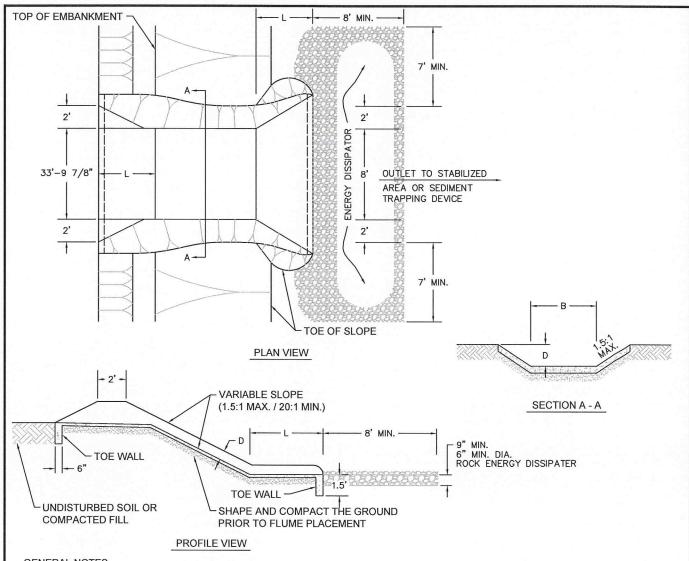
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FIG. 9-6

DIVERSION

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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE GROUP/SIZE IS A DESIGNATOR FOR THE DIMENSIONS OF THE PAVED FLUME. THE GROUP/SIZE IS DESIGNATED BY A LETTER (A OR B) AND THE BOTTOM (B) DIMENSION. THE APPROPRIATE SIZE SHALL BE INDICATED ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS.
- 2. FOR HIGH VELOCITY FLOWS, THE AGGREGATE OF THE ENERGY DISSIPATER SHOULD BE SECURED WITH 20—GAUGE GALVANIZED WOVEN WIRE MESH WITH 1" DIAMETER HEXAGONAL OPENINGS. THE AGGREGATE SHOULD BE PLACED ON THE MESH TO THE DIMENSIONS SPECIFIED. THE MESH SHALL BE FOLDED AT THE UPSTREAM SIDE OVER THE AGGREGATE AND TIGHTLY SECURED TO ITSELF ON THE DOWNSTREAM SIDE USING WIRE TIES OR HOG RINGS.
- 3. THE GUIDELINES SHOWN HEREON ARE SUGGESTIONS ONLY AND MAY BE MODIFIED BY THE ENGINEER.

PAVED FLUME USAGE GUIDELINES

A PAVED FLUME SHOULD BE CONSTRUCTED TO DRAIN CONCENTRATED SURFACE RUNOFF SAFELY DOWN SLOPES WITHOUT CAUSING EROSION. THE DRAINAGE AREA CONTRIBUTING RUNOFF TO A PAVED FLUME SHOULD NOT EXCEED THAT GIVEN IN THE DESIGN CRITERIA ABOVE. THE PAVED FLUME SHOULD BE SIZED TO DRAIN THE PEAK RATE OF RUNOFF WITHOUT OVERTOPPING THE EMBANKMENT AT THE EARTH DIKE ENTRANCE. A 25 YEAR STORM FREQUENCY MAY BE USED TO CALCULATE THE FLOW RATE.

	DEC	CIONI O	DITEDIA			
DESIGN CRITERIA						
GROUP/ SIZE	B BOTTOM WIDTH	H MIN.	D MIN.	L MIN.	MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA	
A-2	2'	1.5'	8"	5'	5 ACRES	
A-4	4'	1.5'	8"	5'	8 ACRES	
A-6	6'	1.5'	8"	5'	11 ACRES	
A-8	8'	1.5'	8"	5'	14 ACRES	
A-10	10'	1.5'	8"	5'	18 ACRES	
B-4	4'	2'	10"	6'	14 ACRES	
B-6	6'	2'	10"	6'	20 ACRES	
B-8	8'	2'	10"	6'	25 ACRES	
B-10	10'	2'	10"	6'	31 ACRES	
B-12	12'	2'	10"	6'	36 ACRES	

NOTE:FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY



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FIG. 9-8 LINED WATERWAY OR OUTLET

P:\Temple\2011\2011-115\Permanent BMP Details.dwg - Rip Rap

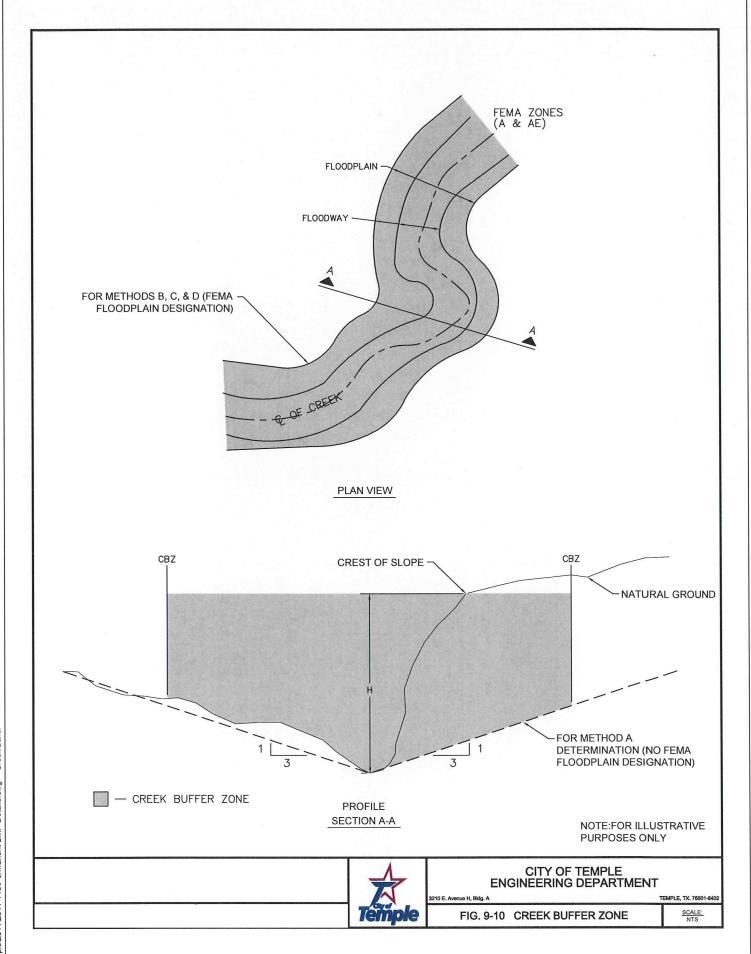
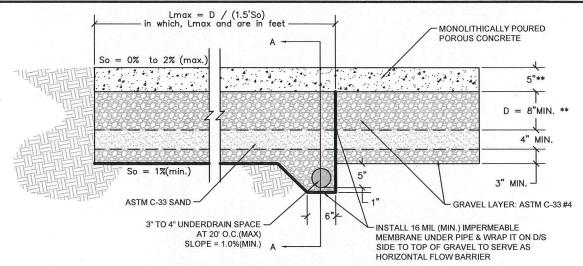


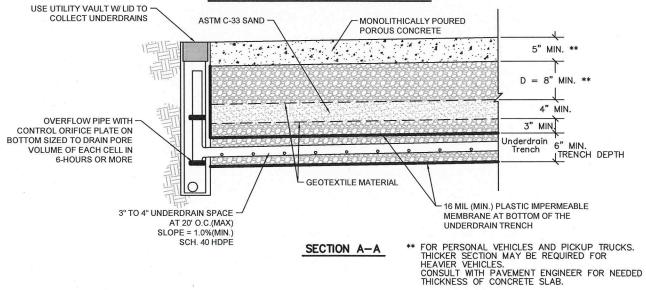
FIG. 9-11 VEGETATED SWALES

P:\Temple\2011\2011-115\Permanent BMP Details.dwg - Vegetated Swale



POURED CONCRETE POROUS PAVEMENT (PCP)

SECTION WITH AN UNDERDRAIN SYSTEM



SCHEMATIC OF PERMEABLE CONCRETE INSTALLATION (AFTER UCFCD, 2004)

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERMEABLE CONCRETE WITHOUT UNDERDRAIN

BASE MATERIALS: BASE MATERIAL MUST CONSIST OF CLEAN, DURABLE, ASTM C-33 NO.4 AGGREGATE 8 INCHES THICK.

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC: A LAYER OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC COMPLYING WITH THE MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS LISTED BELOW ARE TO BE PLACED ON TOP OF THE NATURAL SUBSOIL PRIOR TO PLACING BASE MATERIAL. THE FABRIC SHOULD BE EXTENDED UP THE THE NATURAL EARTH SIDES AND OVER THE TOP OF ANY ADJACENT BERM. THE PURPOSE OF THE FABRIC IS TO PREVENT MIGRATION OF FINE MATERIAL FROM SUBSOIL INTO THE GRAVEL.

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	UNIT	SPECIFICATIONS
Unit Weight		oz/yd²	8
Filtration Rate	*	in/sec	0.08
Puncture Strength	ASTM D-751*	lb	125
Mullen Burst Strength	ASTM D-751	psi	400
Tensile Strength	ASTM D-1682	lb _	200
Equiv. Opening Size	US Standard Sieve	No.	80

^{*}modified



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FIG. 9-13a PERMEABLE AND SEMI-PERVIOUS PAVEMENT

TABLE 1. ASPHALT MIX (ADAMS, 2003)				
SIEVE SIZE	% PASSING			
1/2 IN	100			
3/8 IN	95			
#4	35			
#8	15			
#16	10			
#30	2			
PERCENT BITUMINOUS ASPHALT 5.75– 6.0% BY WEIGHT				

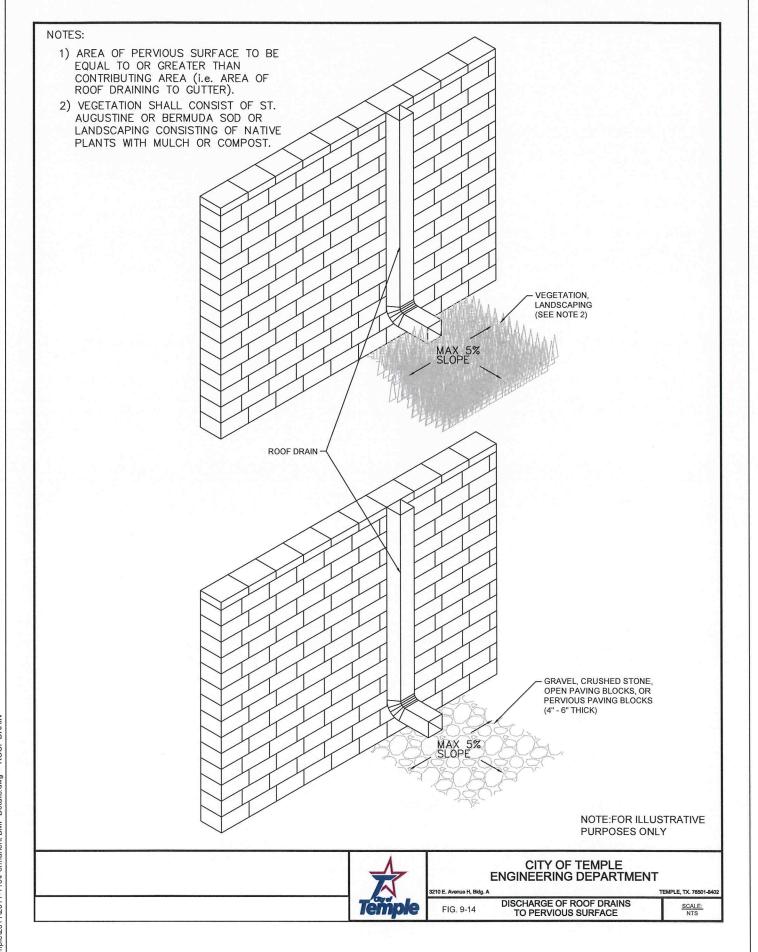


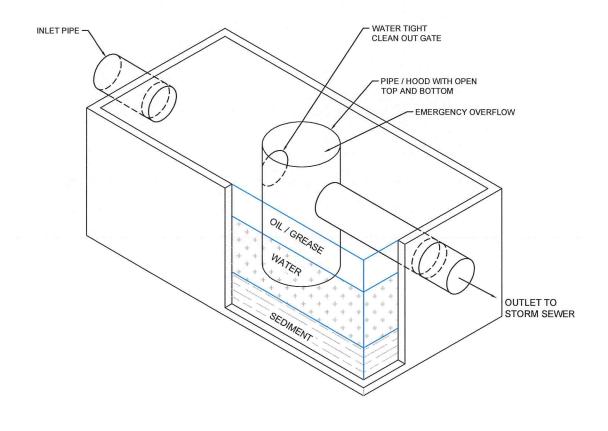
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FIG. 9-13b PERMEABLE AND SEMI-PERVIOUS PAVEMENT POROUS ASPHALT





CROSS SECTION VIEW

OIL/GRIT SEPARATOR: SC - TYPE SEPARATOR

NOTE:FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY



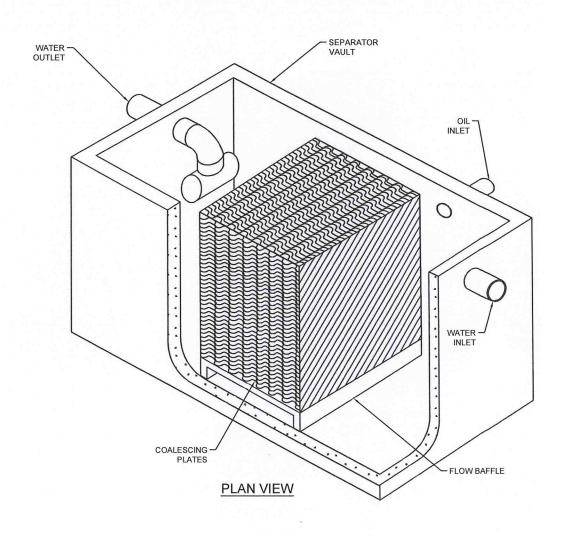
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FIG. 9-15a

SUBSURFACE TREATMENT DEVICES SC - TYPE SEPARATOR

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SCALE:



OIL/GRIT SEPARATOR: CPS - SEPARATOR



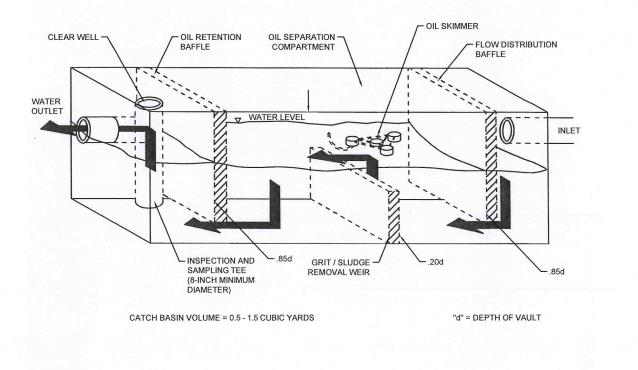
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SUBSURFACE TREATMENT DEVICES CPS - SEPARATOR

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SCALE:



OIL/GRIT SEPARATOR: API - SEPARATOR



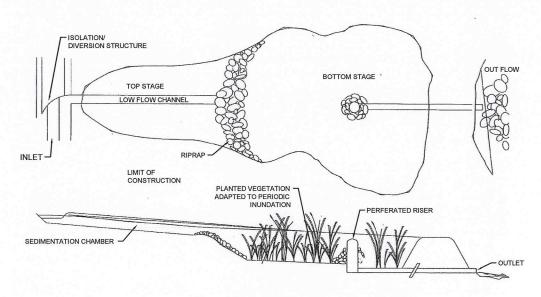
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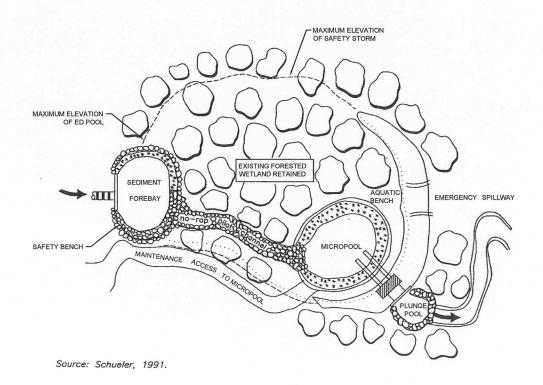
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FIG. 9-15c

SUBSURFACE TREATMENT DEVICES API - SEPARATOR



SCHEMATIC OF A TWO STAGE EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN (LCRA, 1998)



SCHEMATIC OF AN ENHANCED EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN (SCHUELER, 1992)

NOTE:FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY

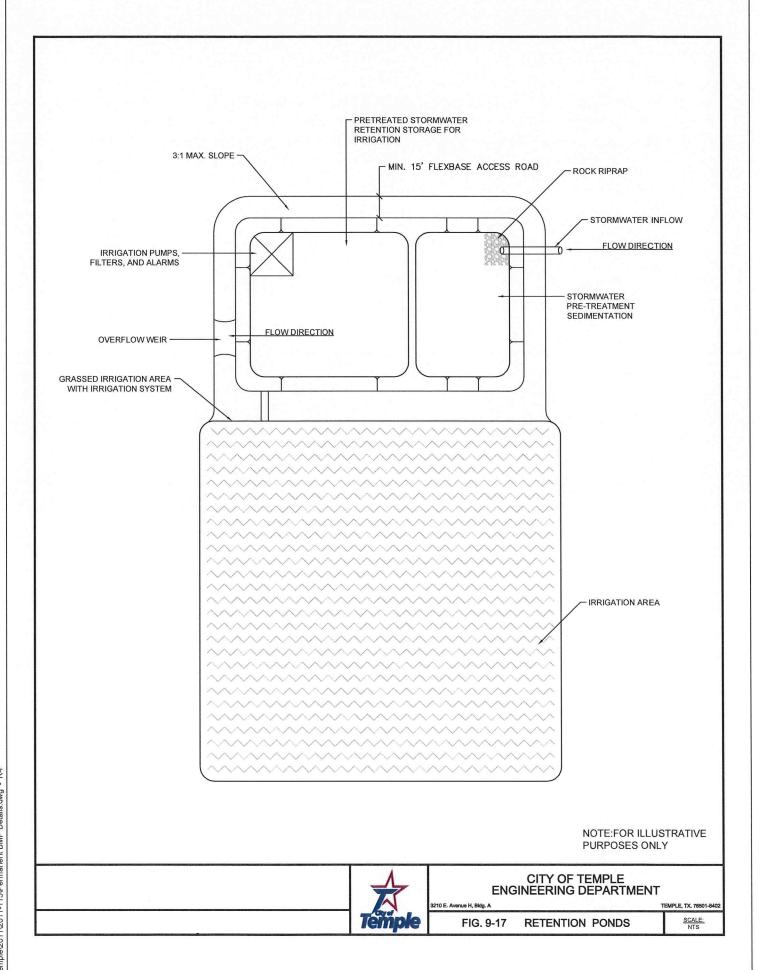


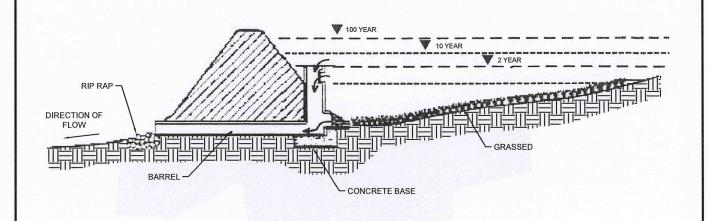
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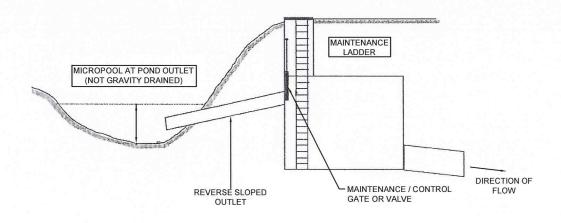
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FIG. 9-16 EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN





TYPICAL DRY POND Source: NVPDC, 1992.



DRY POND MICROPOOL AND REVERSED-SLOPE OUTLET PIPE Source: Ontario Ministry of the Environment, 1999.



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FIG. 9-18

DETENTION POND OUTLET FOR EROSION PROTECTION AND STORM WATER QUALITY BENEFITS